

AIA Global Resources Fund

(the “ILP Sub-Fund”)



HEALTHIER, LONGER,
BETTER LIVES

Fund Summary (IFPS)
Prepared on April 2021

AIA GLOBAL RESOURCES FUND

(the “ILP Sub-Fund”)

FUND FACTS

Manager of ILP Sub-Fund	JPMorgan Asset Management (Singapore) Limited
Underlying Fund	JPMorgan Funds - Global Natural Resources Fund
Country of Domicile of Underlying Fund	Luxembourg
Manager of Underlying Fund	JPMorgan Asset Management (UK) Limited
Inception Date	26 January 2007
Annual Management Fee ¹ (p.a.)	1.50% (max 3.00%) of its Net Asset Value
Source of Fund	Cash & SRS
Fund Risk Classification	Higher Risk

¹ The Annual Management Fee is payable through deduction from asset value of the ILP Sub-Fund.

The ILP Sub-Fund is a single fund. The units in the ILP Sub-Fund are not classified as Excluded Investment Products.

PAST PERFORMANCE (as at 31 January 2021)

Annualized Returns	1 year	3 years	5 years	10 years	Since Inception
AIA Global Resources Fund	8.05%	-3.18%	9.50%	-5.61%	-2.59%
Benchmark* [^] EMIX Global Mining & Energy Index (Total Return Net) (with effect from 18 September 2018)	6.61%	0.00%	15.27%	-2.31%	1.50%

[^]Previous Benchmark:

Inception to 17 September 2018 - 75% Euromoney Global Mining Accumulation Index & 25% MSCI All Country World Energy Index.

*The combined benchmark is reflective of the investment focus of the ILP Sub-Fund.

Notes:

- Performance of the ILP Sub-Funds are calculated in SGD on a bid to bid basis with any income or dividends reinvested, but excluding such fees and/or charges which may be payable through deduction of premium or cancellation of units.
- Past performance of an ILP Sub-Fund is not necessarily indicative of its future performance.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE OF ILP SUB-FUND

This fund seeks to achieve long-term capital growth by investing all or substantial portions of its assets in fundamentally strong equities in the natural resources and energy sectors worldwide.

INVESTMENT APPROACH OF ILP SUB-FUND

The ILP Sub-Fund follows the investment approach of the underlying fund of JPMorgan Funds - Global Natural Resources Fund as the ILP Sub-Fund feeds 100% into the underlying fund.

INVESTMENT APPROACH OF UNDERLYING FUND

The investment objective of the JPMorgan Funds - Global Natural Resources Fund (also referred to here as the "Sub-Fund") is to provide long-term capital growth by investing primarily in natural resources companies, globally. The Sub-Fund uses an investment process based on a fundamental, bottom-up stock selection process. The investment process is built on leveraging the insights of a global analyst team to identify attractively valued companies using a quality and growth framework. It targets companies with the most attractive growth profile that seek to expand production and successfully replace depleting reserves.

INFORMATION ON THE MANAGER OF ILP SUB-FUND

JPMorgan Asset Management (Singapore) Limited is incorporated and domiciled in Singapore and as at December 2020, has managed collective investment schemes or discretionary funds for approximately 24 years.

JPMorgan Asset Management (Singapore) Limited is a subsidiary of J.P. Morgan Asset Management ("JPMAM"). Please refer to Information on the Manager of Underlying Fund for more information.

Client securities held by J.P. Morgan or its subcustodians are segregated in such a manner that they are not subject to creditor claims against J.P. Morgan. Securities received by J.P. Morgan in its capacity as custodian (whether the securities are registered or bearer) do not form a part of J.P. Morgan's general assets.

The clients of J.P. Morgan are treated as the beneficial owner of the securities. These securities would be carried on J.P. Morgan's books and records as client assets, and should be protected in the highly unlikely event of J.P. Morgan's insolvency. Nevertheless, there may be at least a short period during the beginning of an insolvency when access to securities may not be possible, thus creating at least a degree of market movement risk. Although the precise physical certificates might not be returned, a client should receive back the same type and class of security placed in custody.

Client securities are held on J.P. Morgan's system in accounts segregated from general assets of the firm. To the fullest extent permissible, J.P. Morgan's subcustodians hold such securities in segregated accounts designated as holding securities belonging to clients of J.P. Morgan. Securities belonging to J.P. Morgan or to its subcustodians cannot be deposited into these accounts.

INFORMATION ON THE MANAGER OF UNDERLYING FUND

JPMorgan Asset Management (UK) Limited is incorporated and domiciled in the United Kingdom and as at December 2020, has managed collective investment schemes or discretionary funds for approximately 45 years.

JPMorgan Asset Management (UK) Limited is the delegated investment manager for the Underlying Fund, and is part of a group of investment management companies under J.P. Morgan Asset Management ("JPMAM").

JPMAM is a global leader in investment and wealth management. The firm operates across regions: the Americas, EMEA (Europe, Middle East and Africa), and Asia, and a presence in more than 30 countries worldwide, which allows the firm to have a globally integrated, local presence in all major economic regions and time zones. Its investment professionals are mainly based in the five major investment management hubs at London, Hong Kong, Tokyo, New York and Columbus, Ohio. This structure ensures that their knowledge, experience and resources are shared around the globe, providing their clients with a competitive information advantage and truly global investment expertise. In short, their comprehensive understanding of world markets across highly diversified range of asset classes gives them greater potential to enhance returns.

Client securities held by J.P. Morgan or its subcustodians are segregated in such a manner that they are not subject to creditor claims against J.P. Morgan. Securities received by J.P. Morgan in its capacity as custodian (whether the securities are registered or bearer) do not form a part of J.P. Morgan's general assets.

The clients of J.P. Morgan are treated as the beneficial owner of the securities. These securities would be carried on J.P. Morgan's books and records as client assets, and should be protected in the highly unlikely event of J.P. Morgan's insolvency. Nevertheless, there may be at least a short period during the beginning of an insolvency when access to securities may not be possible, thus creating at least a degree of market movement risk. Although the precise physical certificates might not be returned, a client should receive back the same type and class of security placed in custody.

Client securities are held on J.P. Morgan's system in accounts segregated from general assets of the firm. To the fullest extent permissible, J.P. Morgan's subcustodians hold such securities in segregated accounts designated as holding securities belonging to clients of J.P. Morgan. Securities belonging to J.P. Morgan or to its subcustodians cannot be deposited into these accounts.

RISKS

General Risk

The value of the ILP Sub-Fund and the Underlying Fund(s)' assets may be affected by uncertainties and risks associated with investments. The Net Asset Value of the ILP Sub-Fund and the Underlying Fund(s) will be influenced by the prices of these investments. This will in turn have an impact on the value of Units of the ILP Sub-Fund. Past performance is not necessarily a guide to future performance and investment in the ILP Sub-Fund should be regarded as a medium to long-term investment.

Equity Risk

The value of the equity securities which the ILP Sub-Fund invests directly in or through Underlying Fund(s), will fluctuate depending upon the general trends of stock markets, prevailing interest rates as well as the financial and operating performance of the issuers of those equity securities. The economic environment of the countries and the performance of the industries which the ILP Sub-Fund invests in directly or through Underlying Fund(s) will have an impact on the value of the equity securities

acquired. The value of the ILP Sub-Fund and the Underlying Fund(s) are affected by such changes in the market conditions and interest rates.

Market Risk

The value of the ILP Sub-Fund and the Underlying Fund(s)' assets may be affected by uncertainties such as international political developments, changes in government policies, taxation, restrictions on foreign investment and currency repatriation, currency fluctuations and other developments in the laws and regulations of countries in which investments may be made. Furthermore, it should be noted that the legal infrastructure and accounting, auditing and reporting standards in certain countries in which investments may be made do not provide the same degree of investor protection or information to you as would generally apply in major securities markets. As the ILP Sub-Fund and Underlying Fund(s) invest in securities in various markets, e.g. global, Asia ex-Japan, etc, the Net Asset Value of the ILP Sub-Fund and Underlying Fund(s) will be influenced by the prices of these investments. This will in turn have an impact on the value of Units of the ILP Sub-Fund.

Counterparty Risk

There is a risk of counterparty defaulting in some markets as there may be no secure method of delivery against payment. It may be necessary to make payment on a purchase or delivery on a sale before receipt of the securities or, as the sale may be, sale proceeds.

Regulatory Risk

You should be aware that some of the industries which the ILP Sub-Fund and the Underlying Fund(s) invest in may be subject to greater government regulations than many other industries in certain countries. Changes in government policies and the need for regulatory approval may have a material adverse effect on these industries. The companies which the ILP Sub-Fund invests in directly or through Underlying Fund(s) may also be subject to risks of developing technology and communications, competitive pressures and other factors and are dependent upon consumer and business acceptance as new technologies evolve. Trading in such securities may be subject to more abrupt price movements.

Political Risk

Investments in countries with less stable political and economic environments may be more volatile than those in the developed countries. The prices of investments in these markets may be influenced by economic and political conditions and interest rates.

Investment Risk

There can be no guarantee against loss, nor any assurance that the ILP Sub-Fund's investment objective will be attained. The value of investments and the income from them and therefore the value of, and income from, the Units of each ILP Sub-Fund can fall as well as rise and you may not realize the same amount that you invested. Investment in the ILP Sub-Fund may only be suitable for you if you can accept the associated volatility and risks and are prepared to take a medium to longer term view of your investment.

Specialized Investment Risk

You should be aware while specialized investments, i.e investments in a single country, specific industries, sectoral or regional fund may present greater opportunities and potential for capital appreciation, they may also be subjected to higher risks as they may be less diversified than a global portfolio. The legal infrastructure and accounting, auditing and reporting standards in certain countries in which investments may be made do not provide the same degree of investor protection or information to you as would generally apply in major securities markets.

Derivative Risk

The ILP Sub-Fund and the Underlying Fund(s) are authorised to use derivative instruments from time to time. Derivative instruments are financial contracts whose values are "derived" from the value of the underlying assets. While the professional use of derivatives may be beneficial to the overall investment portfolio, derivatives in themselves involve different risks which may be greater than those of more traditional investments.

As the volatility of prices of derivative instruments may be higher than that of their underlying stocks, commodities or other benchmarks, these derivative instruments are riskier.

Currency / Exchange Rate Risk

The Net Asset Value per unit of the ILP Sub-Fund are computed in Singapore Dollars, whereas certain Underlying Fund(s) and the securities which the ILP Sub-Fund invests in are denominated in foreign currencies. Changes in the exchange rate of the Singapore Dollar against the currencies of denomination of the Underlying Fund(s) and the securities which the ILP Sub-Fund invests in will have an impact on the value of the units.

The investments of the ILP Sub-Fund and the Underlying Fund(s) may each be denominated in a number of different currencies and hence be subjected to fluctuations in currency exchange rates and in certain cases, exchange control regulations. Further, the underlying investments of the Underlying Fund(s) may be acquired in a wide range of currencies, some of which may not be freely convertible currencies. It may not be possible or practicable to hedge against the consequent currency risk exposure and in certain instances the Manager may not consider it desirable to hedge against such risk. The Manager will enter into hedging transactions at its sole discretion.

If you are a non-Singaporean, there may be state regulations governing the outward remittance of your share of net profits and dividends and the repatriation of your investments in a foreign currency.

Liquidity Risk

There is no secondary market for the ILP Sub-Fund. All redemption requests should be made to AIA Customer Service Centre or through your AIA Financial Services Consultant or Insurance Representative. If you are a non-Singaporean, there may be state regulations governing the outward remittance of your share of net profits and dividends and the repatriation of your investments in a foreign currency.

You should note that there may be a limit on the number of units that can be redeemed on any Dealing Day and an investor may not be able to redeem on a Dealing Day if the redemption limit is imposed.

Some investments made in smaller markets may be less liquid and the limited liquidity of these markets may therefore affect the respective underlying funds' ability to acquire or dispose of securities at the price and time it desires.

Taxation

You should note that the proceeds from the sale of securities in some markets or the receipt of any dividends or some other income may be or may become subject to tax, levies, duties or other fees or changes imposed by the authorities in that market, including taxation levied by withholding at source.

EXPENSE RATIO

The expense ratio for the period 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2020 is 1.67%.

The expense ratio is calculated in accordance with the Investment Management Association of Singapore's guidelines on the disclosure of expense ratios and based on the figures in the ILP Sub-Fund's latest audited account.

The following expenses are excluded from the calculation of the expense ratio:

- (a) charges for insurance coverage;
- (b) brokerage and other transaction costs;
- (c) performance fees;
- (d) foreign exchange gains and losses;
- (e) front or back-end loads arising from the purchase or sale of other funds; and
- (f) tax deducted at source or arising from income received.

TURNOVER RATIO

The turnover ratio of the ILP Sub-Fund follows that of the Underlying Fund as the ILP Sub-Fund invests all or substantially all of its assets into its Underlying Fund.

The unaudited turnover ratio of the Underlying Fund for the one year period ending 31 December 2020 is 64.30%

SOFT DOLLAR ARRANGEMENT

The Investment Managers or Sub-Investment Managers (where applicable), may enter into commission sharing arrangements only where there is a direct and identifiable benefit to the clients of the Investment Managers or Sub-Investment Managers (where applicable), including the Fund, and where the Investment Managers or Sub-Investment Managers (where applicable), are satisfied that the transactions generating the shared commissions are made in good faith, in strict compliance with applicable regulatory requirements and in the best interests of the Fund and the Shareholders. Any such arrangements must be made by the Investment Managers or Sub-Investment Managers (where applicable), on terms commensurate with best market practice. Due to their local regulatory rights, certain Investment Managers or Sub-Investment Managers (where applicable), may make use of soft commission to pay for research or execution services. Other jurisdictions may have other arrangements in place to pay for such services in accordance with local regulatory obligations.

Risk Disclosure Statement for Funds

US Tax Withholding and Reporting under the Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act ("FATCA")

Under the FATCA provisions of the U.S. Hiring Incentives to Restore Employment ("HIRE") Act, where a Fund invests directly or indirectly in U.S. assets, payments to the Fund of U.S.-sourced income after 30 June 2014, gross proceeds of sales of US property by the Fund after 31 December 2016 and certain other payments received by the Fund after 31 December 2016 will be subject to 30% U.S. withholding tax unless the Fund complies with FATCA.

FATCA compliance can be achieved by entering into an agreement with the U.S. Secretary of the Treasury under which the Fund agrees to certain U.S. tax reporting and withholding requirements as regards holdings of and payments to certain investors in the Fund. Certain governments may enter into agreements directly with the U.S. government concerning U.S.-sourced income and the regulations and rules which are issued following these agreements will determine how the Fund can achieve FATCA compliance.

If the Fund is unable to satisfy the obligations imposed to avoid the imposition of the withholding tax, certain U.S.-sourced payments to the Fund may be subject to 30% withholding tax, which could reduce the cash available for investors. Any amounts of U.S. tax withheld may not be refundable by the Inland Revenue Service.

You are advised to consult your professional advisors on the impact of FATCA on any Fund that you have selected for allocation of any part of your Policy premium(s) and AIA Singapore makes no representation or warranty that a Fund is FATCA-compliant.

In the context of the above, a "Fund" means a collective investment scheme within the meaning of the Securities and Futures Act (Cap. 289), Singapore and the Notice No. MAS 307 applicable to Investment-Linked Policies issued by the Monetary Authority of Singapore.

The AIA Global Resources Fund is an investment-linked policy (ILP) fund offered by AIA Singapore Private Limited ("AIA Singapore") and is only available under AIA Investment-Linked Policies. AIA Singapore is the product provider. This fund summary (IFPS) is prepared by AIA Singapore and the information presented is for informational use only. Investments are subject to investment risks including the possible loss of the principal amount invested. Past performance, as well as the prediction, projection or forecast on the economy, securities markets or the economic trends of the markets are not necessarily indicative of the future or likely performance of the ILP fund. The performance of the ILP fund is not guaranteed and the value of the units in the ILP fund and the income accruing to the units, if any, may fall or rise. A product summary and product highlights sheet relating to the ILP fund are available and may be obtained from your AIA Financial Services Consultant. A potential investor should read the product summary and product highlights sheet before deciding whether to subscribe for units in the ILP fund. AIA Singapore does not warrant or make any representations regarding the use or the results of the use of the figures generated in terms of their correctness, accuracy, reliability, or otherwise.