



AIA SHARIAH GLOBAL DIVERSIFIED FUND
(the "ILP Sub-Fund")

FUND FACTS

Manager of ILP Sub-Fund	AIA Investment Management Private Limited		
Underlying Funds	Franklin Global Sukuk Fund	Templeton Shariah Global Equity Fund	Franklin Shariah Technology Fund
Managers of Underlying Funds	Franklin Templeton Investments (ME) Limited	Templeton Asset Management Ltd	Franklin Advisers, Inc.
Country of Domicile of Underlying Funds	Luxembourg		
Inception Date	07 June 2022		
Annual Management Fee ¹ (p.a.)	1.50% (max 3.00%) of its Net Asset Value		
Source of Fund	Cash, SRS		
Fund Risk Classification	Medium to High Risk		

¹The Annual Management Fee is payable through deduction from asset value of the ILP Sub-Fund.

The ILP Sub-Fund is a single fund. The units in the ILP Sub-Fund are not classified as Excluded Investment Products.

PAST PERFORMANCE (as at 31 January 2023)

Annualized Returns	Since Inception
AIA Shariah Global Diversified Fund	-5.40%
Benchmark: 60% MSCI AC World Islamic Index-NR and 40% Dow Jones Sukuk Index.	-7.78%

There is allocation of Information Technology sector within the MSCI AC World Islamic Index

The combined benchmark is reflective of the investment focus of the ILP Sub-Fund.

Notes:

1. Performance of the ILP Sub-Funds are calculated in SGD on a bid to bid basis with any income or dividends reinvested, but excluding such fees and/or charges which may be payable through deduction of premium or cancellation of units.
2. Past performance of an ILP Sub-Fund is not necessarily indicative of its future performance.
3. Disclaimer with regard to MSCI Benchmark:
The blended returns are calculated by AIA Investment Management Private Limited using end of day index level values licensed from MSCI ("MSCI Data"). For the avoidance of doubt, MSCI is not the benchmark "administrator" for, or a "contributor", "submitter" or "supervised contributor" to, the blended returns, and the MSCI Data is not considered a "contribution" or "submission" in relation to the blended returns, as those terms may be defined in any rules, laws, regulations, legislation or international standards. MSCI Data is provided "AS IS" without warranty or liability and no copying or distribution is permitted. MSCI does not make any representation regarding the advisability of any investment or strategy and does not sponsor, promote, issue, sell or otherwise recommend or endorse any investment or strategy, including any financial products or strategies based on, tracking or otherwise utilizing any MSCI Data, models, analytics or other materials or information.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE OF ILP SUB-FUND

This Sub-Fund seeks to achieve sustainable long-term capital appreciation through investment in a diversified portfolio of global Shariah-compliant securities including equities and equity related securities, fixed income securities and money market instruments.

INVESTMENT APPROACH OF ILP SUB-FUND

The allocation to each asset class is based on a top-down analysis of major investment trends and macro variables. Our analysis focuses on how these asset classes react to economic fundamentals, relative value of and other market factors, such as central bank decisions and geopolitical events. In addition, our established and dominant presence in Singapore and the region gives an in-depth knowledge and understanding of the domestic macro-economics, allowing us to make more informed asset allocation decisions.

The general asset mix of the Sub-Fund is

- 40% into Franklin Global Sukuk Fund
- 45% into Templeton Shariah Global Equity Fund
- 15% into Franklin Shariah Technology Fund

However, the asset mix may vary depending on market conditions.

INVESTMENT APPROACH OF UNDERLYING FUNDS

Franklin Global Sukuk Fund

The investment objective of the Fund is to maximise, consistent with prudent investment management, total investment return, consisting of a combination of profit income and capital appreciation. The Fund seeks to achieve this objective by investing principally in a portfolio of fixed- and floating-rate Shariah-compliant securities (including non-investment grade securities), issued by government, government-related and corporate entities located in developed and developing countries.

The Fund invest in securities or financial derivative instruments for hedging, efficient portfolio management and/or investment purposes in which the underlying security is linked to or derives its value from a distinct security, asset, commodity or currency of any nation. These financial derivative instruments include but are not limited to Sharia compliant swaps (including but not limited to profit rate swaps, credit default swaps or total return swaps), as well as Sharia compliant currency forwards, and other over the counter (OTC) Sharia compliant hedging instruments. The Fund may invest in Sukuk instruments issued by any corporate, sovereign, or supranational entity, and may be backed by or derive its value from any asset, tangible or otherwise, including mortgages. The Fund may also invest in short term instruments including Murabaha placements and up to 20% of its net assets in Sharia compliant credit linked note or structured products.

The Investment Manager may take temporary defensive cash positions when it believes the securities trading markets or the economies of countries where the Fund invests are experiencing excessive volatility or prolonged general decline or other adverse conditions. The Fund may purchase securities denominated in any currency. Exposure to total return swaps

The expected level of exposure that could be subject to Sharia compliant total return swap (unfunded) amounts to 5% of the Fund's net assets, subject to a maximum of 20%.

Templeton Shariah Global Equity Fund

The Fund seeks to achieve capital appreciation. The Fund invests principally in Shariah-compliant equity and equity-related securities including common stocks of companies located anywhere in the world, including Emerging Markets.

Shariah-compliant equity securities general entitle the holder to participate in a company's general operating results. The Fund also invest in American, European, and Global Depositary Receipts. These are certificate issued typically by a bank or a trust company that give their holders the right to receive securities issued by a foreign or domestic company. Depositary receipts do not eliminate currency and economic risks for underlying shares of a company operating in another company.

Depending upon current market conditions, the Fund may also invest up to 25% of its net assets in Shariah-compliant fixed-income securities of companies and governments located anywhere in the world or short term instruments. These include Sukuk, any other Shariah-compliant fixed-income securities and Murabaha placements.

In choosing equity and equity related investments, the Investment Manager focuses on the market price of a company's securities relative to its evaluation of the company's long term earnings, asset value and cash flow potential, as well as on other measures that the Investment Manager deems appropriate to determine a company's value.

The Fund may invest up to 10% of its net asset in China A-Shares (through Shanghai Hong Kong Stock Connect or Shenzhen Hong Kong Stock Connect) and in China B-Shares.

The Investment Manager of the Fund will not use any financial derivative instruments.

Franklin Shariah Technology Fund

The Fund's investment objective is capital appreciation. The Fund invests at least two-thirds of its net invested assets in Shariah-compliant equity securities of US and non-US companies expected to benefit from the development, advancement, and use of technology and communication services and equipment.

These may include, for example, companies in the following industries:

- (i) communication and computing related outsourcing services;
- (ii) technology services, including computer software, data services and Internet services;
- (iii) electronic technology, including computers, computer products and electronic components;
- (iv) telecommunications, including networking, wireless and wire-line services and equipment;
- (v) media and information services, including the distribution of information and content providers;
- (vi) semiconductors and semiconductor equipment; and
- (vii) precision instruments.

The Fund invests in Shariah-compliant securities of US and non US large, well established companies, as well as small to medium-sized companies, that the Investment Manager believes provide good emerging growth opportunities.

The Fund may also invest in Shariah-compliant equity or debt securities of any type of foreign or US issuer as well as American, European, and Global Depository Receipts.

The Fund may invest up to 15% of its net asset in China A-Shares (through Shanghai Hong Kong Stock Connect or Shenzhen Hong Kong Stock Connect) and in China B-Shares.

The Fund uses a growth approach that employs intensive, bottom-up fundamental research of companies. The Investment Manager also takes into consideration broad-based trends when considering the selection of investments. In general, the Investment Manager looks for companies it believes display, or will display, some of the following characteristic, among others; quality management; robust growth prospect; strong market positioning; high, or rising profit margins; and good return on capital investment.

The Investment Manager of the Fund will not use any financial derivative instruments.

Please refer to the Franklin Templeton corporate website for Franklin Templeton Shariah Funds Prospectus for further information on the investment policy of the Underlying Funds.

SHARIAH GUIDELINES

Shariah Guidelines are the investment guidelines established and confirmed by the Shariah Supervisory Board as compliant with the Shariah principles.

The business of the Underlying Funds shall at any time be managed in accordance with the guidelines below that shall apply in addition to the investment restrictions specified in Appendix C of the Franklin Templeton Shariah Funds Prospectus. In general, Shariah-compliant investment refers to contractual arrangements and investment guidelines that are in compliance with Shariah (as such guidelines shall be determined by the Shariah Supervisory Board). Subject to their investment objectives and policies, the Funds may only invest in transferable securities of companies whose business is permissible (Halal) and therefore not invest in the following forbidden sectors (Haram):

- Manufacturing or distributing alcohol or tobacco products;
- Gaming or gambling;
- Producing or distributing content for purely entertainment purposes through any medium;
- Manufacturing or distributing weapons and defense related products;
- Producing, processing, packaging or any other business activity relating to pork or pork products and other meats and poultry not specifically defined as acceptable products within the screening criteria;
- Conventional banking, insurance or any other interest related financial services activity; and
- Producing or distributing pornographic materials.

Please refer to the Franklin Templeton corporate website for Franklin Templeton Shariah Funds Prospectus for further information on the Shariah Guidelines of the Underlying Funds.

INFORMATION ON THE MANAGER OF ILP SUB-FUND

The Manager of AIA Shariah Global Diversified Fund is AIA Investment Management Private Limited ("AIAIM"), a Singapore-incorporated company that is part of the AIA Group. It was incorporated in 2016 to undertake investment management activities, specialising in the Asian region, for AIA Group's insurance business.

In doing so it has assumed the investment management activities previously carried out by AIA Singapore Private Limited ("AIA Singapore"), which has been operating in Singapore since 1931. AIAIM has built on AIA Singapore's expertise, bringing across its' investment professionals and further strengthening the investment team to reflect its role as a centre for excellence in Asian regional fund management. AIAIM is licensed by the Monetary Authority of Singapore.

AIA Group is a market leader in the Asia Pacific region (ex Japan) based on life insurance premiums and holds leading positions across the majority of its 18 markets in this region. As of 30 June 2022, AIA Group had USD 302 billion of total investments including financial investments, investment property, property held for own use, and cash and cash equivalents. AIA Group and AIA Singapore have been managing insurance assets for more than 50 years.

In the event that the Manager were to become insolvent, the assets of the ILP Sub-Fund would not be affected as they continue to be held by the Custodian in an account separate from the Manager's other accounts.

INFORMATION ON THE MANAGERS OF UNDERLYING FUNDS

Franklin Templeton Investments (ME) Limited

Franklin Templeton Investments (ME) Limited was formerly Algebra Capital Limited. It was incorporated in 2006 in Dubai, United Arab Emirates and became an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of Franklin Resources, Inc on as of 13 January 2011.

It is registered under the laws of the Dubai International Financial Centre (DIFC) as a Category 3 Licensee, and is licensed to arrange credit or deals in investments, advise on financial products or credit, and manage assets. In the U.S., effective July 15, 2013, it is registered as an investment adviser with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940. More details of its registration with the SEC and its Form ADV are available on the SEC website.

It has managed collective investment schemes since 2012.

Franklin Templeton Investments (ME) Limited does not provide for eventualities as a consequence of the Manager's insolvency.

Templeton Asset Management Ltd

Templeton Asset Management Ltd is an indirectly wholly owned subsidiary of Franklin Resources, Inc., which operates as Franklin Templeton ("FT"), a global investment organisation with over 60 years of investing experience. FT, through its subsidiaries, manages approximately US\$1.3 trillion as at 30 September 2022, and has offices in over 30 countries and employs around 9,575 employees as at 30 June 2022.

Franklin Templeton is made up of renowned names in the investment management industry such as Franklin, Templeton and Mutual Series and other specialized investment teams, each with its own unique investment style and specialization. FT is able to capitalize on the investment and research expertise of investment professionals worldwide to seek consistently superior performance in the long-term.

Franklin Resources, Inc., listed on the New York Stock Exchange, is currently one of the largest publicly traded U.S. asset managers in terms of both assets under management and market capitalization.

Franklin Templeton marked its presence in Singapore with the set up of a research office in 1990. Templeton Asset Management Ltd was officially incorporated in September 1992 and was registered as an Investment Advisor with the Authority under the now repealed Securities Industry Act. Templeton Asset Management Ltd currently holds a Capital Markets Services Licence for fund management issued by the Authority pursuant to the Securities and Futures Act.

Templeton Asset Management Ltd has been credited for providing innovative and creative investment products to the Singapore investing public since it pioneered Singapore's first umbrella and feeder fund, Franklin Templeton Funds, in 1996. Subsequently, it went on to launch the first emerging markets fund, the first life sciences fund and the first U.S. government securities fund in Singapore within a span of 5 years.

Templeton Asset Management Ltd has been managing collective investment schemes since 1992. The regulatory authority is The Monetary Authority of Singapore.

Templeton does not provide for eventualities as a consequence of the Manager's insolvency.

Franklin Advisers, Inc.

Franklin Advisers, Inc. was formed in 1985 under the laws of the State of California, U.S. and is best known as a fixed income and money market specialist. Franklin Advisers, Inc. is a leading fixed income manager in the U.S., and forms part of the Franklin Fixed Income Group which was one of the pioneers in the development of U.S. Government Securities funds in the 1970s. The Franklin Fixed Income Group also introduced America's first state-specific and double tax-free income fund in 1981. In addition to its fixed income capabilities, Franklin Advisers, Inc. is also renowned for its expertise in U.S. equities, particularly in utilising the growth style in equity investing. The Franklin Equity Group manages various sector-focused portfolios including financial services, biotechnology and utilities.

The Franklin Equity Group and the Franklin Fixed Income Group adopt a synergistic approach by leveraging on each other's research and analysis to provide a more comprehensive coverage of their respective areas.

Franklin Advisers Inc. has been managing collective investment schemes since 1985. The regulatory authority is the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission.

Franklin Advisers does not provide for eventualities as a consequence of the Manager's insolvency.

GENERAL AND SHARIAH-RELATED RISKS

General Risk

The value of the ILP Sub-Fund and the Underlying Fund's assets may be affected by uncertainties and risks associated with investments. The Net Asset Value of the ILP Sub-Fund and the Underlying Fund will be influenced by the prices of these investments. This will in turn have an impact on the value of Units of the ILP Sub-Fund. Past performance is not necessarily a guide to future performance and investment in the ILP Sub-Fund should be regarded as a medium to long-term investment.

Reclassification of Shariah Status Risk

Shariah-compliant securities which are reclassified as Shariah non-compliant upon review by the Shariah Supervisory Board will require the securities to be disposed of immediately should their market value exceed the original investment cost on the announcement day. However, in the event the market value does not exceed the original investment cost on the announcement day, the relevant securities deemed non-compliant by the Shariah Supervisory Board can be held up to a maximum of 90 days from day of announcement. Any capital gain arising from the disposal of the Shariah non-compliant securities made at the time of the announcement day can be kept by the Underlying Fund. However, any excess capital gain derived from the disposal of the Shariah non-compliant securities after the announcement day at a market price that is higher than the closing price on the announcement day must be channelled to charitable bodies.

Interest Rate

Sukuk, Murabaha, and similar Shariah-compliant fixed income securities are interest rate sensitive, which means that their values and consequently, the Net Asset Value of the ILP Sub-Fund which invest in such securities directly or through Underlying Fund, will fluctuate as interest rates fluctuate. An increase in interest rates will generally reduce the value of the fixed income securities. The performance of each ILP Sub-Fund which invests in Sukuk, Murabaha, and similar Shariah-compliant and other fixed income securities directly or through Underlying

Fund, therefore will depend in part on the ability of the Manager of the ILP Sub-Fund or the Underlying Fund to anticipate and respond to such fluctuations in market interest rates and to utilise appropriate strategies to maximise returns to you while attempting to minimise the associated risks to its investment capital.

Credit Risk

Sukuk, Murabaha, and similar Shariah-compliant fixed income securities are subject to credit risks, such as deterioration in the credit quality of the issuers, default by issuers and banks and general widening of credit spreads. This means that their values and consequently, the Net Asset Value of the ILP Sub-Fund which invest in such securities directly or through Underlying Fund, will fluctuate depending on the credit risk of the securities. A deterioration in the credit quality of the issuers, default by issuers or increase in credit risk premiums will generally reduce the value of the fixed income securities. The performance of each ILP Sub-Fund which invests in Sukuk, Murabaha, and similar Shariah-compliant fixed income securities directly or through Underlying Fund, therefore will depend in part on the ability of the Manager of the ILP Sub-Fund or the Underlying Fund to anticipate and respond to such changes in credit risk and to utilise appropriate strategies to maximise returns to you while attempting to minimise the associated risks to its investment capital.

Equity Risk

The value of the Shariah-compliant equity securities which the ILP Sub-Fund invest directly in or through Underlying Fund, will fluctuate depending upon the general trends of stock markets, prevailing interest rates as well as the financial and operating performance of the issuers of those equity securities. The economic environment of the countries and the performance of the industries which the ILP Sub-Fund invests in directly or through Underlying Fund will have an impact on the value of the equity securities acquired. The value of the ILP Sub-Fund and the Underlying Fund are affected by such changes in the market conditions and interest rates.

Market Risk

The value of the ILP Sub-Fund and the Underlying Fund's assets may be affected by uncertainties such as international political developments, changes in government policies, taxation, restrictions on foreign investment and currency repatriation, currency fluctuations and other developments in the laws and regulations of countries in which investments may be made. Furthermore, it should be noted that the legal infrastructure and accounting, auditing and reporting standards in certain countries in which investments may be made do not provide the same degree of investor protection or information to you as would generally apply in major securities markets. Investing in emerging markets involve certain risks such as political, economic; and (particularly in the Middle East, North Africa region) social/religious uncertainties. These markets are generally smaller and less liquid than developed markets. As the ILP Sub-Fund and Underlying Fund invest in securities in various markets, e.g. global, Asia ex-Japan, etc, the Net Asset Value of the ILP Sub-Fund and Underlying Fund will be influenced by the prices of these investments. This will in turn have an impact on the value of Units of the ILP Sub-Fund.

Counterparty Risk

There is a risk of counterparty defaulting in some markets as there may be no secure method of delivery against payment. It may be necessary to make payment on a purchase or delivery on a sale before receipt of the securities or, as the sale may be, sale proceeds.

Regulatory and Shariah Compliance Risk

You should be aware that some of the industries which the ILP Sub-Fund and the Underlying Fund invest in may be subject to greater government regulations than many other industries in certain countries. Changes in government policies and the need for regulatory approval may have a material adverse effect on these industries. The companies which the ILP Sub-Fund invests in directly or through Underlying Fund may also be subject to risks of developing technology and communications, competitive pressures and other factors and are dependent upon consumer and business acceptance as new technologies evolve. Trading in such securities may be subject to more abrupt price movements.

The Shariah Supervisory Board and the Shariah Screening Provider have been appointed by the Company ("Franklin Templeton Shariah Funds") to ensure the compliance of the Underlying Fund investments with the Shariah Guidelines. The Management Company ("Franklin Templeton International Services S.à.r.l.") will undertake the investment activities of each Underlying Fund in accordance to the respective Shariah Guidelines. As a consequence, this may mean that the performance of a Fund may possibly be lower than other investment funds that do not seek to strictly adhere to the Islamic investment criteria. The Shariah Guidelines may require in certain circumstances for an Underlying Fund to dispose of certain investments and also may prohibit the investment into well-performing securities due to non-compliance to Shariah. These requirements may place an Underlying Fund at a relatively less advantageous position compared to other investment funds that do not have to adhere to the Shariah principles. In addition, the requirement to purify cash holdings or dividend income will likely result in payments being made to charities that have been approved by the Shariah Supervisory Board. To the extent such payments are made, the return to Investors will be reduced by the amount of such payments, adversely affecting Underlying Fund performance compared to funds with a similar investment objective that do not have to make such payments. Although the Company fully intends to observe the Shariah Guidelines at all times, no such assurance can be given, as there may be occasions when an Underlying Fund's investment may accidentally become noncompliant to the Shariah for factors that are outside the control of the Company. The Company shall report such incidents to the Shariah Supervisory Board within a month of the incident.

Political Risk

Investments in countries with less stable political and economic environments may be more volatile than those in the developed countries. The prices of investments in these markets may be influenced by economic and political conditions and interest rates.

Investment Risk

There can be no guarantee against loss, nor any assurance that the ILP Sub-Fund's investment objective will be attained. The value of investments and the income from them and therefore the value of, and income from, the Units of each ILP Sub-Fund can fall as well as rise and you may not realize the same amount that you invested. Investment in the ILP Sub-Fund may only be suitable for you if you can accept the associated volatility and risks and are prepared to take a medium to longer term view of your investment.

Specialized Investment Risk

You should be aware while specialized investments, i.e investments in a single country, specific industries, sectoral or regional Fund may present greater opportunities and potential for capital appreciation, they may also be subjected to higher risks as they may be less diversified than a global portfolio. The legal infrastructure and accounting, auditing and reporting standards in certain countries in which investments may be made do not provide the same degree of investor protection or information to you as would generally apply in major securities markets.

Derivative Risk

The ILP Sub-Fund and the Underlying Fund are authorised to use Shariah-compliant derivative instruments from time to time. Derivative instruments are financial contracts whose values are "derived" from the value of the underlying assets. While the professional use of derivatives may be beneficial to the overall investment portfolio, derivatives in themselves involve different risks which may be greater than those of more traditional investments. As the volatility of prices of derivative instruments may be higher than that of their underlying stocks, commodities or other benchmarks, these derivative instruments are riskier.

Currency / Exchange Rate Risk

The Net Asset Value per unit of the ILP Sub-Fund are computed in Singapore Dollars, whereas certain Underlying Fund and the securities which the ILP Sub-Fund invests in are denominated in foreign currencies. Changes in the exchange rate of the Singapore Dollar against the currencies of denomination of the Underlying Fund and the securities which the ILP Sub-Fund invests in will have an impact on the value of the units.

The investments of the ILP Sub-Fund and the Underlying Fund may each be denominated in a number of different currencies and hence be subjected to fluctuations in currency exchange rates and in certain cases, exchange control regulations. Further, the underlying investments of the Underlying Fund may be acquired in a wide range of currencies, some of which may not be freely convertible currencies. It may not be possible or practicable to hedge against the consequent currency risk exposure and in certain instances the Manager may not consider it desirable to hedge against such risk. The Manager will enter into hedging transactions at its sole discretion. If you are a non-Singaporean, there may be state regulations governing the outward remittance of your share of net profits and dividends and the repatriation of your investments in a foreign currency.

Liquidity Risk

There is no secondary market for the ILP Sub-Fund. All redemption requests should be made to AIA Customer Service Centre or through your AIA Financial Services Consultant or Insurance Representative. If you are a non-Singaporean, there may be state regulations governing the outward remittance of your share of net profits and dividends and the repatriation of your investments in a foreign currency.

You should note that there may be a limit on the number of units that can be redeemed on any Dealing Day and an investor may not be able to redeem on a Dealing Day if the redemption limit is imposed. Some investments made in smaller markets may be less liquid and the limited liquidity of these markets may therefore affect the respective underlying fund's ability to acquire or dispose of securities at the price and time it desires.

Taxation

You should note that the proceeds from the sale of securities in some markets or the receipt of any dividends or some other income may be or may become subject to tax, levies, duties or other fees or changes imposed by the authorities in that market, including taxation levied by withholding at source.

EXPENSE RATIO

The expense ratio for the period 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2022 is 1.80%

The ILP Sub-Fund is a newly launched sub-fund, as such the expense ratio is not available.

The expense ratio is calculated in accordance with the Investment Management Association of Singapore's guidelines on the disclosure of expense ratios and based on the figures in the ILP Sub-Fund's latest audited account.

The following expenses are excluded from the calculation of the expense ratio:

- (a) charges for insurance coverage;
- (b) brokerage and other transaction costs;
- (c) performance fees;
- (d) foreign exchange gains and losses;
- (e) front or back-end loads arising from the purchase or sale of other funds; and
- (f) tax deducted at source or arising from income received.

TURNOVER RATIO

The turnover ratio of the ILP Sub-Underlying Fund follows that of the Underlying Funds as the ILP Sub-Fund invests all or substantially all of its assets into its Underlying Funds.

Underlying Funds	Franklin Global Sukuk Fund	Templeton Shariah Global Equity Fund	Franklin Shariah Technology Fund
Turnover ratio	38.56%*	76.72%*	33.08*

* Unaudited as at 31 October 2022

SOFT DOLLAR ARRANGEMENT

Franklin Global Sukuk Fund **Templeton Shariah Global Equity Fund** **Franklin Shariah Technology Fund**

Consistent with obtaining best execution, brokerage commissions on portfolio transactions for the Manager may be directed by the Management Company and/or the Investment Managers to brokers/dealers in recognition of research services furnished by them as well as for services rendered in the execution of orders by such brokers/dealers. The receipt of investment research and information and related services permits the Management Company and/or the Investment Managers to supplement their own research and analysis and makes available to them the views and information of individuals and research staffs of other firms. Such services do not include travel, accommodation, entertainment, general administrative goods or services, general office equipment or premises, membership fees, employee salaries or direct money payment, which are paid by the Management Company and/or the Investment Managers.

The Management Company and/or the Investment Managers may enter, with brokers/dealers that are entities and not individuals, into soft commission arrangements only where there is a direct and identifiable benefit to the clients of the Management Company and/or the Investment Managers, including the Company, and where the Management Company and/or the Investment Managers are satisfied that the transactions generating the soft commissions are made in good faith, in strict compliance with applicable regulatory requirements and in the best interest of the Company. Any such arrangement must be made by the Management Company and/or the Investment Managers on terms commensurate with best market practice. The use of soft commissions shall be disclosed in the periodic reports.

Risk Disclosure Statement for Funds

US Tax Withholding and Reporting under the Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act ("FATCA")

Under the FATCA provisions of the U.S. Hiring Incentives to Restore Employment ("HIRE") Act, where a Fund invests directly or indirectly in U.S. assets, payments to the Fund of U.S.-sourced income after 30 June 2014, gross proceeds of sales of US property by the Fund after 31 December 2016 and certain other payments received by the Fund after 31 December 2016 will be subject to 30% U.S. withholding tax unless the Fund complies with FATCA.

FATCA compliance can be achieved by entering into an agreement with the U.S. Secretary of the Treasury under which the Fund agrees to certain U.S. tax reporting and withholding requirements as regards holdings of and payments to certain investors in the Fund. Certain governments may enter into agreements directly with the U.S. government concerning U.S.-sourced income and the regulations and rules which are issued following these agreements will determine how the Fund can achieve FATCA compliance.

If the Fund is unable to satisfy the obligations imposed to avoid the imposition of the withholding tax, certain U.S.-sourced payments to the Fund may be subject to 30% withholding tax, which could reduce the cash available for investors. Any amounts of U.S. tax withheld may not be refundable by the Inland Revenue Service.

You are advised to consult your professional advisors on the impact of FATCA on any Fund that you have selected for allocation of any part of your Policy premium(s) and AIA Singapore makes no representation or warranty that a Fund is FATCA-compliant.

In the context of the above, a "Fund" means a collective investment scheme within the meaning of the Securities and Futures Act (Cap. 289), Singapore and the Notice No. MAS 307 applicable to Investment-Linked Policies issued by the Monetary Authority of Singapore.

The AIA Shariah Global Diversified Fund is an investment-linked policy (ILP) fund offered by AIA Singapore Private Limited ("AIA Singapore") and is only available under AIA Investment-Linked Policies. AIA Singapore is the product provider. This fund summary (IFPS) is prepared by AIA Singapore and the information presented is for informational use only. Investments are subject to investment risks including the possible loss of the principal amount invested. Past performance, as well as the prediction, projection or forecast on the economy, securities markets or the economic trends of the markets are not necessarily indicative of the future or likely performance of the ILP fund. The performance of the ILP fund is not guaranteed and the value of the units in the ILP fund and the income accruing to the units, if any, may fall or rise. A product summary and product highlights sheet relating to the ILP fund are available and may be obtained from your AIA Financial Services Consultant. A potential investor should read the product summary and product highlights sheet before deciding whether to subscribe for units in the ILP fund. AIA Singapore does not warrant or make any representations regarding the use or the results of the use of the figures generated in terms of their correctness, accuracy, reliability, or otherwise.